The Daily Courant.

Monday, May 17. 1703.

From the Paris Gazette, dated May 19.

Strasburg, May 9.

HE Army commanded by the Marshal de Tallard continues encamp'd near Kehl along the Kintzig, over which he caus'd 2 Bridges to be laid on the 7th in order to consume the Forrage on the other fide of that River. To Day the Chevalier du Rozel fer forward for Flanders with a Convoy of 2 Squadrons, and the first Battallion of Surbeck, which is order'd to go to Nancy In his March he had Intelligence that 8 or 900 of the Enemies Huffars, who had pass'd the Canal of Molsheim with 600 Head of Cattle which they had taken, were at Murzig on the Brusche. He went and attack'd them, defeated them, and retook all the Booty. Of the Huffars 80 were kill'd, several wounded, and fome made Prisoners; after which the Chevalier du Rozel continued his Journey. We have Advice by the way of Switzerland, that the Marshal de Villars was encamp'd at Donesching, where the Danube takes its rise: That his Army found plenty of Provisions and Forrage there; That General Maffei was within 6 Leagues of him at Friding on the Danube, with a Detachment of 4000 Bavarians, That he had detach'd 500 Horse commanded by the Baron de Montigny-Languer, who at Dutling met a like Number of French commanded by the Marquess d'Usson: That the Elector of Bavaria was drawing near him with another Body of 9000 Men: And that on Advice of his March the Count de Stirum had quitted the Upper-Palatinate in order to cover the Town of Nortlingen.

I

d

to

d

11

178

th

ès

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated May 22.
Heilbron, May 15. The Bavarian Garrison is march'd out of Ulm, the French and Bavarians have joyn'd, and of the first some thousands are already march'd into that City, and have begun to work on the Fortifications of it. What this combined Force may first attempt is yet uncertain, but we are not without Apprehension, that the Enemy will endeavour to interrupt the sending of Succours to Italy; its said they have already demanded in Swabia 400000 Florins and 80000 Rations, and in the Country of Wirtemberg above 500000 Florins, Contributions. 3000 Men work Day and Night on the Lines, which General Thungen will be able to defend with 10000 Men against 40000. The Circles of Francoma and Swabia are determin'd to hearken to no Proposals of Neutrality, but to contribute all they are able against the Enemy. The Count de Stirum lies with an Army of about 20000 Men between Reithingen and Tubingen. 'Tis faid the French have demanded of the Duke of Wirtemberg, that he give Orders for all the French Refugees to depart his Country. 'Tis likewise reported, that Collonel Schleis has thrown himself into Rotweil with a Party

Franckfort, May 16. 'Twas thought the Mai hal de Villars would have lay'd Siege to Willengen, but the Garrison shewing a Resolution to make a vigorous Desence, he march'd away from it, and joyn'd a Body of Bavarians near Ehingen. General Stirum

and Count Prosper of Furstemberg are posted with a Body of Imperial, Franconian, Swabian and other Auxiliary Troops about Tubingen; and Prince Louis of Baden has sent a Detachment of his Army from Stolhossen thither. The Marshal de Tallard keeps with his Body of Troops between Kehl and Offenburg to observe the Imperialists.

From the Paris Gazette, dated May 19.
Alets, May 1. On the 24th of last Month, the Fanaticks burnt the Village of Vaisenobe within 2 Leagues of this Place. The Day after, 50 of them, pretending they were the King's Soldiers, oblig'd 30 Inhabitants of the Villages of Pradel and la Salle to go with them, under Colour of going to fight the Fanaticks; but in a little time, they furrounded them, and massacred them. The Sieur de Planque, a Brigadier, being inform'd of it, went to Collet, where he heard there was a Meeting of 2000 Fanaticks with a great Number of armed Men, They immediately dispers'd themselves among the Mountains, only 6 of them were kill'd, with one of their pre-tended Prophets; but 12 of their Horses were taken, together with 40 Musquets, many other Arms, and a great Quantity of Provisions. About the same time, the Sieur de Tude, a Captain of Dragoons, kill'd 17 out of a Party of 200 of them near Vigan. On the 29th, the Marshal de Montrevel, then in this City, having Intelligence that a felect Party of this Place on the Road to Anduze; order'd the Sieur de Planque with 800 Foot and 200 Dragoons to go and attack them. He began his March at 9 a Clock at Night, and divided his Men into 3 Bodies. He commanded the Dragoons to guard the Passages of the River Gardon: march'd himself at the Head of 400 Foot along the High-road to Anduze; and fent the rest a Lower Way, Signals being agreed on for both Parties to attack at the same time. He arriv'd before the other Party at a Farm-House call'd Vermaylet, where he found 400 Fanaticks taking Refreshment within the House, while the other 800 kept guard without. Notwithstanding the Inequality of the Number, he invested the House, and amus'd both those within and those without with Skirmishes for 3 Hours; then, the Party that march'd by the Lower Way joyning him, he routed the Fanaticks that were in the Field, part of which taking their Flight by the Gardon, 16 of them were kill'd by the Dragoons: besides 118 that were found in a Hollow Way. On the 30th by Day-break, he caus'd the House to be attack'd at 2 Breaches, which the Soldiers had made with their Bayoners and their Hands; they broke into it, and all the Fanaticks that were in it, in Number about 300, were kill'd, except 3 who will be try'd. A Captain of the Regiment of Rovergue was kill'd, another Captain, 2 Lieutenants, and 7 Irish Officers were wounded, 3 of the latter dangerously. 6 Grenadiers were kill'd, and 27 Soldiers wounded.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated May 22.

Amsterdam, May 21. Letters from Geneva say,
That at the going away of the Post, News came,
that the Marshal de Montrevel on the 28th of April
march'd out of Nismes with 5 Battallions of Foot,

one Regiment of Dragoons and 4 Field-pieces, and attack'd a Party of Camilards of 1600 Men who were well intrench'd, and who not only repuls'd him, but came out of their Retrenchments and forc'd him to retire, which oblig'd him to reinforce the Body he commands with 2 Battallions that were posted in Audice: This Fight lasted from 4 in the Asternoon till 8 next Morning. The Sevennois kept the Field, but lost 300 Men; of the King's Troops 1800 Men were kill'd.

From the Camp before Bonn, May 17. Since the Signing of the Capitulation for the Surrender of Bonn, fome Regiments are detach'd towards the Mofelle, the Cannon of the Batteries are reimbark'd, General Coehorn's Yacht is made ready and revictuall'd, Whence 'tis presum'd Traerbach will be

attack'd.

From the Hague Gazette, dated May 21.

Letters of the 19th from the Campnear Maestricht advise, That on the 17th in the Morning the Duke of Marlborough left the Army before Bonn to be commanded by Monsieur Obdam, and lay that Night at Juliers, where he was faluted at his Arrival with a triple Discharge of all the Artillery on the Ramparts, and the like Compliment was made him at his Departure next Morning. On the 18th in the Evening he came to Maestricht, being met and conducted into the Town by Monfr. d'Auverquerque and other General Officers. On the 19th in the Morning His Grace went out of Maestricht (saluted with the Discharge of 150 Pieces of Cannon,) to View the Situation of the Camp; which extends, the Right to Lanaken, the Left to Maestricht; The Head Quarters are at Hocht. The whole Army was order'd to draw out in the Evening of the 19th and 3 General Salvoes to be made of all the Artillery and Small Shot for the taking of Bonn. Besides the 25 Squadrons and 6 Battallions that are arriv'd in the Camp fromBonn, the Hereditary Prince of Heffe is expected on the 21st with 6 Battallions more and 3 Regiments of Dragoons. The French Army commanded by the Marshals Villeroy and Boufflers, is encamp'd, the Right at Tongeren, the Left at Borchloen.

The Army of the Allies is to pass in Review before My Lord Duke on the 21st and 22d. after which
'tis believ'd His Grace will move towards the Enemy.
When the French retir'd to their Camp on the 14th,
Monsieur d'Auverquerque sent 3 Battallions to
Liege; but that City being now out of Danger those
Battallions are remanded back to our Army,
which will then consist of 60 Battallions of Foot,
and above 130 Squadrons of Horse. Above 100 Deferters a Day, most Germans and Swis, have come
over to our Camp since the French lay at Tongres.
Collonel Caduggan, Quarter Master General, is sent
to Liege, to confer with the Baron de Trogne Go-

vernor of that Citadel.

For the Benefit of Mr. Hughs.

IN the Great Room at Hamftead, on Tuesday next being the 18th of this instant May, it being the only time of his performing there; will be a Confort of Vocal and Instrumental Musick, particularly a Song Sung by him before Her Majesty, in Congratulation of Her Majesty's Happy Accession to the Crown. Also several Entertainments by Mr. Dean, and Signior Francisco: And three New Songs never perform'd before any where, Sung by Mr. Hughs and others. And that much celebrated Song for the Trumpet, perform'd originally by Mr. Pate in The Island Princess, beginning (Rouse ye Gods of the Main.)
Also a Sonata for two Trumpets; and positively there will be perform'd an Extraordinary Entertainment by an Eminent Master on the Arch-Lute, who never perform'd there before, accompanied by Mr. Dean and others. Note, That the Consort begins at Four a Clock without Fail.

This day is publish'd,

PRactical Discourses on several Subjects, viz. A Discourse of the Children of Holy Parents. Eight Discourses of the Covenant of Grace. To which are added, A Discourse of Infant Baptism, and a Sermon before the Lord Mayor. By the late Reverend Mr. Nathanael Taylor. In Octavo. Printed for John Lawrence at the Angel in the Poultry.

ADVERTISEMENT

R Easons humbly offer'd to the Conformists, why they should hold Occasional Communion with Protestant Dissenters. By a Divine of the Church of England, as by Law Establish'd. Printed for 3. Rebinson at the Golden Lion in St. Paul's Church-yard.

THE Life and Character of James Bonnell Esq.; late Accomptant General of Ireland. To which is added, The Sermon preach'd at his Funeral, by Edward Lord Bishop of Killmore and Ardagh. The Life by William Hamilton, A. M. Archdeacon of Armagh. Sold by A. and J. Churchill at the Black Swan

Dutch

rault (

Gener

King's

likewi

the Pl

ment

Irish.

of it,

6 or

Mon

the R

Provi

Tren

it, af

Garri

from

up at

fifts 1

and

Brea

Incom

Bloc

on th

like !

com

Fre

T

hand

their

Burg

Mor

sters

The

Wait

mak

the

Du

Th

lion Th

rau

Ho

Bai flic

Let

in Pater-Nofter-Row.

THE History of the most Warlike and Fortunate Edward III. King of England and France, and Lord of Ireland, including that of his most Victorious Son Edward, Prince of Wales and of Aquitaine, surnamed the Black Prince, being a full and exact Relation of all their publick and remarkable Actions in War and Peace, with the Institution of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, &c. collected with great care, Diligence and Fidelity, from the best and most Antient Authors, Domestick and Foreign, printed Books, Mannscripts and Records, in large Folio. By Joshua Barnes, B. D. the Queens Majesty's Professor of the Greek Language in the University of Cambridge.

* This History contains 238 Sheets of large and good Paper and Letter, with Arguments to each Chapter, five curious Cuts, and other proper Embellishments, divided into IV Books, and contains a Reign of 51 Years. And as it is a standing Reputation to the per-petual Honour of the English Name and Valour, so in especial manner, is it proper for the Entertainment of all Loyal, Valiant, Noble and Ingenious Gentlemen, Ladies, and other Persons of Quality and Learning, particulorly of the Knights of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, and all True Englishmen, to whom, in this Juncture, while the English and their Allies, are engag'd in War with France and Spain (over both which Kingdoms those Heroick Princes most gloriously triumph'd (this Book may feem justly recommendable. The Price in Sheets, one Guinea; Bound and Letterd on the back 25 s. And are to be fold by Mr. Smith anp Walford at the Prince's Arms in St. Paul's Church, yard, Mr. Keeble at the Turk's-Head in Fleet-street, Mr. George Sawbridge at the Three Flower-de-Luces in Little-Britain, Mr. Hartley over against Gray's-Inn in Holborn, Mr. Hodg fon in Holborn, Mr. Davn at the Black Bull in Cornhill, and at the Author's House at Hemmingford-Abbot near St. Ives in Huntingtonshire.

THE Second Part of The Reasonableness of Conformity to the Church of England, represented to the Diffenting Ministers. In Answer to the Tenth Chapter of Mr. Calamy's Abridgment of Mr. Baxter's History of his Life and Times. By Benjamin Hoadly, M.A. Printed for T. Childe at the White Hart at the West End of St. Paul's Church-yard. By whom also

is fold the former Part.

A Farther Vindication of the Soul's Separate Existence and Immortality. In Answer to Dr. C.—'s Farther Thoughts upon his Second Thoughts concerning Human Soul. In which is shewn from the plain Evidence of Holy Scripture, that Man has an Immortal Spirit in him, a distinct Substance from the Body. Together with some occasional Reslections on the Condition of Men in an Intermediate State. By John Turner M. A. Lecturer of Christ-Church, London. Printed for John Wyat at the Rose in St. Paul's Church-yard.